SAFETY DATA SHEET



Techspray LICRON Crystal

Section 1. Identifi	cation
GHS product identifier	: Techspray LICRON Crystal
Product code	: 1756-8S
Other means of identification	: Antistatic agents
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel: 678-819-1408 Toll free: 1-800-858-4043 Fax: 1 806-372-8750
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666 Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043 24/7
Section 2. Hazard	s identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 56%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	 Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place.

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: 1/9/2020

Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

: None known.

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Antistatic agents
identification	

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Isopropyl alcohol	30 - 40	67-63-0
butan-1-ol	1 - 5	71-36-3
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	0.5 - 1.5	34590-94-8
nitromethane	0.1 - 0.2	75-52-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: May cause skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Over experience signaleumpte	

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.
- 	Ingestion Seek medical attention.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 		
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.		
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.		

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
	· · ·

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from	
	entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid	
	escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are	
	ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up	
	section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No	
	flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide	
	adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put	

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

		on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nt	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section tainer: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperar pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain sp . Do not handle until all safety precautions have been rear in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breat or or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear app tilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, spa er ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilati dling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty co due and can be hazardous.	atures exceeding 50°C. Do pecial instructions before id and understood. Do not hing gas. Avoid breathing ropriate respirator when rks, open flame or any ng, lighting and material
Advice on general occupational hygiene	ng, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas w dled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands king and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and p ering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional inforr asures.	s and face before eating, rotective equipment before
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	re in accordance with local regulations. Store away from o well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (s drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate ropriate containment to avoid environmental contaminatio	ee Section 10) and food all ignition sources. Use

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<u>Control parameters</u> <u>Occupational exposure limits</u>

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

ngredient name	Exposure limits
Techspray LICRON Crystal NA	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.
sopropyl alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
utan-1-ol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm
	CEIL: 150 mg/m ³ NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm
	CEIL: 350 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
) mothewymethylethewy)proponal	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 909 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 606 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 900 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 900 mg/m ² 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 10 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 900 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
nitromethane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 250 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 250 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

iquid. [Aerosol.] olorless. lcohol-like. ot available. .5 $90^{\circ}C (-130^{\circ}F)$ $3^{\circ}C (181.4^{\circ}F)$ losed cup: 11.7°C (53.1°F) [Tagliabue.] .7 (butyl acetate = 1) ot available.
olorless. lcohol-like. ot available. .5 $90^{\circ}C (-130^{\circ}F)$ $3^{\circ}C (181.4^{\circ}F)$ losed cup: 11.7°C (53.1°F) [Tagliabue.] .7 (butyl acetate = 1) ot available.
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ot available. .5 90°C (-130°F) 3°C (181.4°F) losed cup: 11.7°C (53.1°F) [Tagliabue.] .7 (butyl acetate = 1) ot available.
.5 90°C (-130°F) 3°C (181.4°F) losed cup: 11.7°C (53.1°F) [Tagliabue.] .7 (butyl acetate = 1) ot available.
90°C (-130°F) 3°C (181.4°F) losed cup: 11.7°C (53.1°F) [Tagliabue.] .7 (butyl acetate = 1) ot available.
3°C (181.4°F) losed cup: 11.7°C (53.1°F) [Tagliabue.] .7 (butyl acetate = 1) ot available.
losed cup: 11.7°C (53.1°F) [Tagliabue.] .7 (butyl acetate = 1) ot available.
.7 (butyl acetate = 1) ot available.
ot available.
201
ower: 2% pper: 12%
4 kPa (33 mm Hg) [room temperature]
1 [Air = 1]
79
ot available.
ot available.
.05
56°C (852.8°F)
ot available.
ot available.
ot available.
pray
0.15 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
nitromethane	LD50 Oral	Rat	940 mg/kg	-
Techspray LICRON Crystal	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
NA				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Isopropyl alcohol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 Mililiters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
Techspray LICRON Crystal	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
NA				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Isopropyl alcohol	-	3	-
nitromethane		2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely		Not available.
Information on the likely routes of exposure	1	NUL AVAIIADIE.
Potential acute health effects	2	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	1	May cause skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.
Symptoms related to the phy	si	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ect	is a second s
Not available.		
General	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	:	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity
Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Tovicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Isopropyl alcohol	Acute LC50 1400000 to 1950000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Techspray LICRON Crystal NA	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Techspray LICRON Crystal	0.05	-	low
Isopropyl alcohol butan-1-ol	0.05	-	low low
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	0.004	-	low
nitromethane	-0.35	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #		Reference number
1-Butanol (I); n-Butyl alcohol (I)	71-36-3	Listed	U031

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	-	-	-	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Consumer commodity ORM-D	Consumer commodity ORM-D	Consumer commodity ORM-D	Aerosols, flammable	AEROSOLS IN LIMITED QUANTITIES OF CLASS 2	AEROSOLS IN LIMITED QUANTITIES OF CLASS 2
Transport hazard class(es)	ORM-D	ORM-D	ORM-D	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information		Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2. 13-2.17 (Class 2).	-	Tunnel code (D)	-	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Section 5, Y203 Cargo Aircraft OnlyQuantity limitation: 150 kg Packaging instructions: Section 5.203

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: butane; propane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed

Section 15. Regulatory information

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: Fire hazard Sudden release of pressure Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%		Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Isopropyl alcohol	≥25 - ≤50	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
butan-1-ol	≤5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	≤3	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
nitromethane	≤0.3	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Techspray LICRON Crystal NA	-	≥90
Supplier notification	Techspray LICRON Crystal NA	-	≥90

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL
New York	: The following components are listed: Butyl alcohol; 1-Butanol
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL; 2-PROPANOL
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL MANUFACTURE (STRONG-ACID PROCESS)

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. WARNING: This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
nitromethane methanol		-		No. 23000 μg/day (ingestion) 47000 μg/day (inhalation)

International regulations

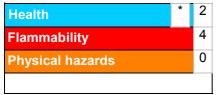
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Section 15. Regulatory information

	, ,				
Montreal Protocol (Ann Not listed.	<u>exes A, B, C, E)</u>				
Stockholm Convention Not listed.	Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.				
Rotterdam Convention Not listed.	on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)				
UNECE Aarhus Protoco Not listed.	ol on POPs and Heavy Metals				
International lists					
National inventory					
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.				
China	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Europe	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Japan	 Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): All components are listed or exempted. 				
Malaysia	: All components are listed or exempted.				
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Republic of Korea	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.				
Turkey	: All components are listed or exempted.				

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2		On basis of test data On basis of test data On basis of test data Calculation method
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 1/9/2020	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1/9/2020	
Date of previous issue	: 5/31/2016	
Version	: 3	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification a IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coeff MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marin UN = United Nations	ficient n of Pollution From Ships, 1973
References	: Not available.	

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.